

Calculus

Chapter 5: Integration

Lesson 3: The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

Question #1

Reference Q.412

Find the area under the following function:

$$f(x) = 3x^3 \text{ on the interval } [4,7]$$

Question #2

Reference Q.413

Find the area under the following function:

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} \text{ on the interval } [1,27]$$

Question #3

Reference Q.414

Find the area under the following function:

$$f(x) = 6 \csc^2 x \text{ on the interval } \left[\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}\right]$$

Question #4

Reference Q.415

Evaluate:

$$\int_{-4}^1 3x - x^2 dx$$

Question #5

Reference Q.416

Evaluate:

$$\int_0^\pi \sin x dx$$

Question #6

Reference Q.417

Evaluate:

$$\int_1^5 \frac{dx}{x^3}$$

Question #7

Reference Q.418

Evaluate:

$$\int_{-\ln 3}^{\ln 6} 3e^x dx$$

Question #8

Reference Q.419

Evaluate:

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \sec^2 x dx$$

Question #9

Reference Q.420

Evaluate:

$$\int_{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}^{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}} \frac{6}{1+x^2} dx$$

Question #10

Reference Q.421

Evaluate:

$$\int_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$$

Question #11

Reference Q.422

Evaluate:

$$\int_1^2 |3x - 2| dx \text{ Hint: Write it as a piecewise function first.}$$

Question #12

Reference Q.423

Find the area under the following curve over the given interval, and sketch the region:

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 1 \text{ on the interval } [0,4]$$

- sketch
- evaluate

Question #13

Reference Q.424

Find the area under the following curve over the given interval, and sketch the region:

$$f(x) = 4x - x^3 \text{ on the interval } [-3, 3]$$

- a. sketch
- b. area

Question #14

Reference Q.425

Find the area under the following curve over the given interval, and sketch the region:

$$f(x) = 3e^{x-1} + 2 \text{ on the interval } [1, 2]$$

- a. sketch
- b. area

Question #15

Reference Q.426

Evaluate using FTC Part I:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_3^x \ln(w) dw$$

Question #16

Reference Q.427

Evaluate using FTC Part I:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{-5}^x \cos \sqrt{u} du$$

Question #17

Reference Q.430

Evaluate using FTC Part I:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{-5}^{x^3} \ln(3t - 4) dt$$

Question #18

Reference Q.431

Evaluate using FTC Part I:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_e^{\cos x} \sec(x) \tan(x) dx$$

Question #19

Reference Q.9227

If $F(x) = \int_1^x e^{2t} dt$, then what is $F'(x)$, if it exists?

Question #20

Reference Q.9228

Evaluate, if possible, using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus Part I:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(x \int_0^x \cos t dt \right)$$

Question #21

Reference Q.9229

Using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus Part II, show that

$$\int_a^c f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^c f(x) dx.$$

Question #22

Reference Q.9230

Which of the following is equivalent to $\ln 7$?

- (A) $\int_1^7 \ln x dx$
- (B) $\int_0^7 \frac{1}{x} dx$
- (C) $\int_0^6 \frac{1}{x+1} dx$
- (D) $\int_0^6 \ln x + 1 dx$